

Industrial Ecology & Stonyfield September 14, 2012 Mary Fischer

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Londonderry Eco-Industrial Park Concept

- 1994: Stonyfield & Town of Londonderry pursued a recycling facility on adjacent land
- LEIP Vision:
 - "...minimize impact of industry & business on the environment, improve the economic performance of the member companies, and strengthen the local economy
- Covenants > Ecological Guidelines >
 - Design & Construction
 - Energy
 - Water Conservation
 - Pollution Prevention
 - Compliance





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Principles for The Stonyfield Londonderry Eco-Industrial Park 1996

VISION STATEMENT

The Eco-Park recognizes as it's primary function developing systems and processes whi the impact of industry and business on the environment, improve the economic perforn member companies and strengthen the local economy. Through modeling the Park' systems on natural eco-systems, decreased environmental impact will be realized.

SHARING A COMMON MISSION THROUGH LONG-TERM PARTNERSHIPS occupants will be guided by a common vision of sustainable development and will seek opp promote synergistic and cooperative partnerships. Specific opportunities may include outpu process becoming feedstock for another, and seeking innovative methods for reducing mat

ACCOUNTABILITY Accountability extends beyond legal requirements to product and land as well as open communications and responsiveness to all stakeholders. Park occupants ar to activities such as ecological performance assessment to substantiate and report to stakeh

STRIVING FOR CONTINUOUS IMPROVEMENT AND INNOVATION Eco-Park o committed to the continuous improvement of processes and business practices. Setting a toward fur reaching goals provides opportunities to enhance a business's competitivenes

2011 IS Study

Core Objectives

- Survey & assess material & energy flows of Londonderry industrial area
- Identify opportunities for resource sharing
- Identify rules & regulations governing material & energy sharing
- Begin to cultivate relationships

Key Deliverables

- Map our relevant industrial units
- Input-Output (Material Flow) analysis
- Summary of rules & regulations
- Final report, recommendations



2011 IS Study

Companies Contacted: **42**

The Count:
▶ 21 Manufacturing
▶ 3 Distribution
▶ 3 Automotive
▶ 2 Landscaping

- ➤ 2 Shipping
- ➢ 2 Farms
- ➢ 9 Other



2011 IS Study

Companies Participating: **10**

The Count:
4 Manufacturing
2 Distribution
1 Airport
1 Power Plant
1 Landscaping

➤ 1 Recycler

ALC: NO STR



2011 IS Study - Results

- 10 companies answered surveys
- A few showed interest in coordinating recycling pickups for cost savings
- Small potential project between Stonyfield & neighboring power plant
- Potential for "waste oil" to be used by power plant
- To date, no known action on opportunities

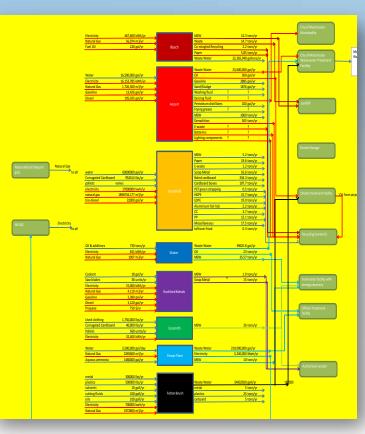


Image of input-output flow chart developed during study

Lessons learned



- 3rd party help should be located nearby
 - Better if they are on site vs. remote (low response rate to surveys)
 - Need leadership to remind and motivate
- Networking is key
 - Maintaining communication needs to be done via leadership
- Mutual wins gain the most traction



Alignment of the organization to create a culture of environmental sustainability

- ✓ Commitment
- ✓ Knowledge
- ✓ Accountability





Transportation



Zero Waste



SWOT

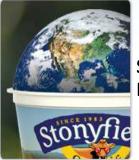


Facility GHG Emissions



Milk





Sustainable Packaging

120

A A



Sustainable Ingredients



Green Chemistry



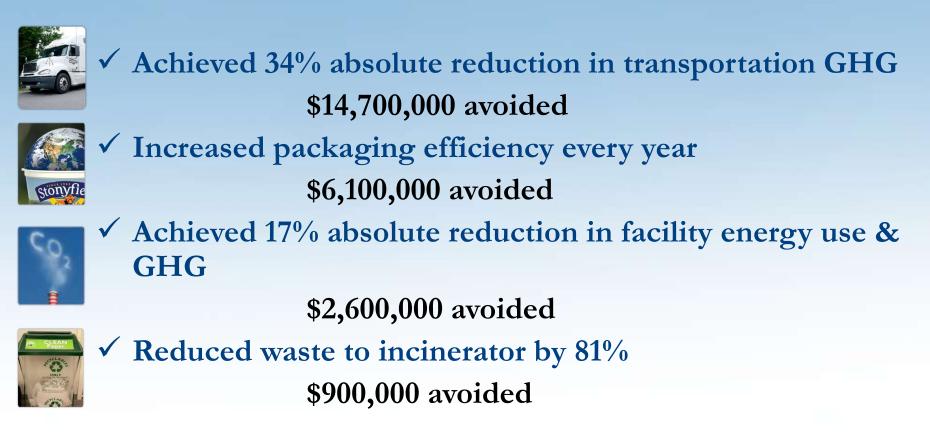
Zero Waste Champions

- New project to motivate employees to reduce waste even further
- Site recycling rate = 85% (national = 18%)
- Target: manufacturing waste
- Champions lead by example and are recognized for their efforts



Since MAP began in 2006...





TOTAL AVOIDED COSTS SINCE 2006: \$24,300,000

Our sustainable packaging journey so far We switched We changed all smoothie and We switched our multipack cup cup packaging drinkables bottles from We invested in a material from petroleum-based material from HDPE petroleum-based HDPE (#2) form, fill and seal polystyrene to plant-based to polypropylene-a plastic to a plant-based Recycline® started plastic. This will reduce our packaging machine lighter weight plastic. HDPE derived from sugar making toothbrushes for multipacks, carbon footprint by 1,875 metric This prevented the cane. This switch reduces the from recycled tons of CO2 in the first year. reducing packaging manufacture and CO₂ emissions from our Stonyfield yogurt by over a third. disposal of 100 tons bottles by about 65%. cups-they still do! of plastic annually. 1990s 2000 2003 2006 2010 2011 Future We began a We replaced the We'll continue to take-back program plastic lids on work to develop for all Stonyfield small cups with We created a Sustainable Packaging Team emerging technologies, packaging. foil lids. This cut from diverse areas of the business. The team constantly looking energy use by 15%. has achieved packaging reductions of over forward to the next one million lbs, and now monitors our step in sustainability. We hired the University of packaging impact against a packaging Michigan's Center for Sustainable scorecard it created. The scorecard is based Systems to perform a Life Cycle on eight environmental criteria: material Assessment (LCA) of our packaging consumption, energy, GHG emissions, bad systems. It's still used today by actors, water, travel distance, product/package Stonyfield and our customers. ratio, and resource recovery.



RECYCLE

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Preserve Toothbrush

"and other Preserve products.

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preserve

Questions?



Thank You Mary Fischer Carbon Master mfischer@stonyfield.com

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